List of all letters in the Polish language (first uppercase, then lowercase):

A a

Ą ą

B b

C c

Ć ć

D d

E e

Ę ę

F f

G g

H h

I i

J j

K k

L l

Ł ł

M m

N n

Ń ń

O o

Ó ó

P p

R r

S s

Ś ś

T t

U u

W w

Y y

Z z

Ź ź

Ż ż

List of vowels (only lowercase):

a ą e ę i o ó u y

List of glides (only lowercase):

j ł

List of liquids (only lowercase):

l r

List of nasals (only lowercase):

m n ń

List of other consonants (i.e., obstruents; only lowercase):

b, c, ć, d, f, g, h, k, p, s, ś, t, w, z, ź, ż

There are 2 zero-syllable words in Polish: w, z.

Always attach them to the word which follows them (both are prepositions).

The length of a syllable is the number of letters which the syllable contains, with the following exceptions:

1. ch, cz, dź, dż, sz, rz represents only one phoneme (i.e., one sound in the syllable)
2. sequences ia, ią, ie, ię, io, ió, iu represent only one phoneme (i.e., “pies” has length 3, “bia-ły” consists of syllables with lengths 2-2), unless the letter i follows r or l (in these cases each letter contributes to the length, e.g. syllables in “Ma-ria” and “Wa-lia” have lengths 2-3)